## **Sovereign and Public Sector**

Public rating | 31 October 2025



# Italian Republic

# Rating report

#### **Rating rationale**

**Core euro area member.** Italy benefits from supportive fiscal and monetary policy frameworks under the EU and euro area institutional architecture. The economy's systemic relevance further underpins the high likelihood of support from European institutions under stressed scenarios.

Large, wealthy and diversified economy. Italy's EUR 2.2trn economy is the third largest in the EU and benefits from a wide diversification across sectors and exports, supporting its economic resilience to shocks. Italy is set to receive EUR 194.4bn of Next Generation EU recovery funds (9.2% of average GDP over 2021-26F), which together with associated reforms should support its economic outlook. Italy's economy is demonstrating remarkable resilience, with real GDP standing 6.5% above pre-covid levels in Q2 2025, slightly better than the euro area average (+6.2%).

**Strong external position:** Italy's record of current account surpluses has turned the country into a net creditor. This position, together with the euro's status as a global reserve currency, shields the country from external risks.

**Low private indebtedness:** Moderate private debt levels among Italian non-financial corporates and households support the stability of the financial system and reduce the risk of private sector liabilities materialising on the government's balance sheet.

**Political stability:** Since 2022, Italy's government has shown remarkable stability when compared with the poor track record of previous short-lived cabinets. The possible revision of the electoral law could have important implications for policy continuity beyond the electoral cycle, with the next scheduled general elections to be held no later than fall 2027.

Rating challenges: i) high government debt and funding needs, which are expected to remain elevated over the long term; ii) weak longer-run economic growth; and iii) an ageing and declining working-age population.

Figure 1: Italy's sovereign-rating drivers

Risk pillars		Quantitative		Reserve currency*	Political risk**	Qualitative***	Final
		Weight	Indicative rating	Notches	Notches	Notches	rating
Dome	stic economic risk	35%	aaa			- 1/3	
Public	Public finance risk		bb		Italy	- 2/3	
Exterr	External economic risk		a-	EUR		0	
Financ	Financial stability risk		aaa			0	
	Environmental factors	5%	bbb	[+1]	[-0]	0	BBB+
ESG risk	Social factors	7.5%	ссс			- 1/3	
Hon	Governance factors	12.5%	a+			- 1/3	
Sovereign Quantitative Model***		a			-2		
Addit	Additional considerations					0	

<sup>\*</sup>The reserve-currency quantitative adjustment applies to currencies in the IMF's Special Drawing Rights (SDR) basket.

## Foreign currency

Long-term issuer rating/Outlook

BBB+/Positive

Senior unsecured debt/Outlook

BBB+/Positive

Short-term issuer rating/Outlook

S-2/Positive

#### Local currency

Long-term issuer rating/Outlook

BBB+/Positive

Senior unsecured debt/Outlook

BBB+/Stable

Short-term issuer rating/Outlook

S-2/Positive

#### **Lead Analyst**

Carlo Capuano +49 174 7446891 c.capuano@scoperatings.com

#### Team Leader

Alvise Lennkh-Yunus +49 69 6677389-85 a.lennkh@scoperatings.com

<sup>\*\*</sup>The political-risk quantitative adjustment is based on the World Bank's Political Stability & Absence of Violence/Terrorism index.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Scope's SQM signals an indicative credit rating of 'a' for Italy, which was approved by the rating committee

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>The qualitative scorecard analyst adjustments, capped at one notch per rating pillar, are weighted equally with an aggregate adjustment rounded to the nearest integer. For details, please see Scope's Sovereign Rating Methodology. Source: Scope Ratings.



## **Credit strengths and challenges**

Credit strengths	Credit challenges
Systemic importance for EU and EA	High public debt and funding needs
Large, wealthy and diversified economy	Weak long-run economic growth
Strong external position	Challenging demographic trends
Low private sector debt	

## **Outlook and rating triggers**

The Positive Outlook reflects Scope's view that risks to the ratings are tilted to the upside.

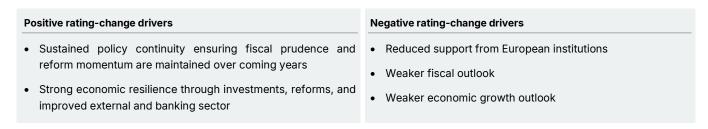
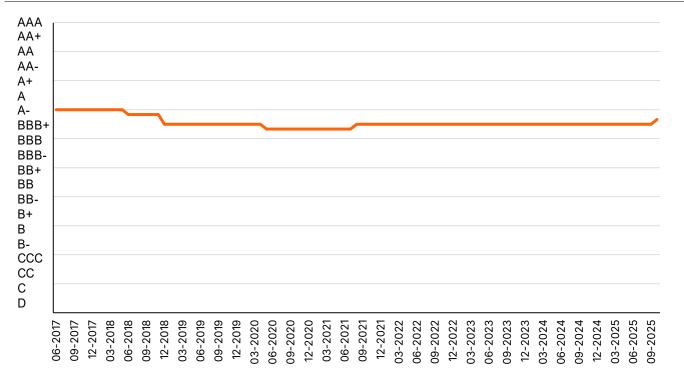


Figure 2: Rating history



Foreign-currency long-term issuer rating. Positive/Negative Outlooks are treated with a +/-0.33-notch adjustment. Credit Watch positive/negative with a +/-0.67-notch adjustment. Source: Scope Ratings.

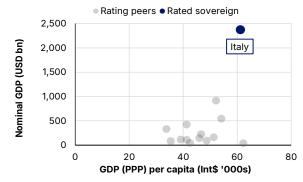


#### **Domestic economic risk**

#### Overview of Scope's assessments of Italy's Domestic Economic Risk

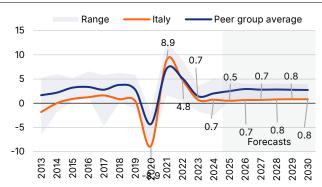
SQM¹ indicative rating Analytical component		Assessment	Notch adjustment	Rationale		
	Growth potential and outlook	Weak	- 1/3	Weak growth potential		
aaa	Monetary policy framework	Neutral	0	ECB is a credible and effective central bank, limited adaptability of monetary policy to individual member states		
	Macroeconomic stability and sustainability	Neutral	0	Large and diversified economy, stagnant productivity and weak labour market outcome		

Figure 3: Nominal GDP and GDP per capita



Source: IMF World Economic Outlook (WEO), Scope Ratings

Figure 4: Real GDP growth, %



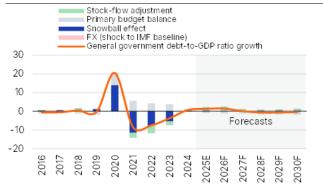
Source: IMF WEO, Scope Ratings forecasts

#### **Public finance risk**

#### Overview of Scope's assessments of Italy's Public Finance Risk

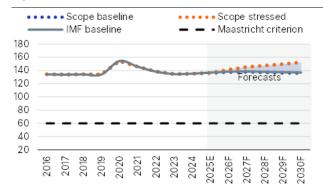
SQM indicative rating Analytical component		Assessment	Notch adjustment	Rationale
	Fiscal policy framework	Weak	- 1/3	Gradual return to primary surplus; very limited fiscal space; application of revised EU fiscal framework; Excessive Deficit Procedure enacted in July 2024
bb	Long-term debt trajectory	Weak	- 1/3	High debt stock vulnerable to permanent increases during shocks; high off-balance sheet debt; rising ageing-related and interest expenditure
	Debt profile and market access	Neutral	0	Strong domestic investor base; large, although declining central-bank holdings of public debt; resilient debt structure, but significant financing requirements

Figure 5: Contributions to change in debt levels, pps of GDP



Source: IMF WEO, Scope Ratings forecasts

Figure 6: Debt-to-GDP forecasts, % of GDP



Source: IMF WEO, Scope Ratings forecasts



## **External economic risk**

#### Overview of Scope's assessments Italy's External Economic Risk

SQM indicative rating Analytical component		Assessment	Notch adjustment	Rationale
	Current account resilience	Neutral	0	Diversified and competitive export base; record of current account surpluses
а-	External debt structure	Neutral	0	Low external debt stock; composition by sector and maturity similar to peers
	Resilience to short-term external shocks	Neutral	0	Euro-area membership protects against short-term external shocks

Figure 7: Current-account balance, % of GDP

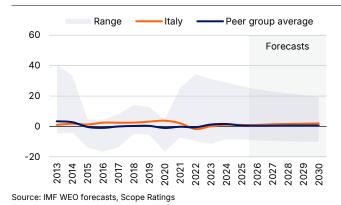
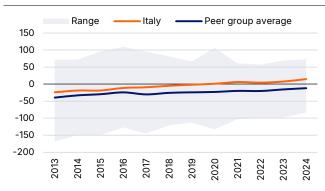


Figure 8: Net international investment position (NIIP), % GDP



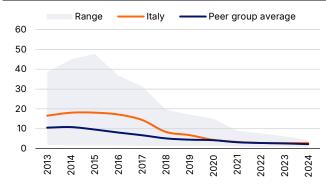
Source: IMF, Scope Ratings

## Financial stability risk

#### Overview of Scope's assessments of Italy's Financial Stability Risk

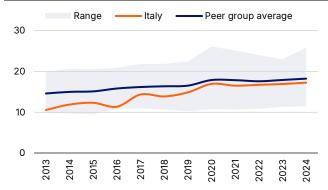
SQM indicative rating Analytical component		Assessment	Notch adjustment	Rationale
	Banking sector performance	Neutral	0	Solid capital buffers, high liquidity and improved profitability; sovereign-bank nexus remains a core risk
aaa	Financial sector oversight and governance	Neutral	0	Effective oversight under European Banking Union and the Bank of Italy, as well as the national markets authority, insurance supervisor and the pension funds supervisor
	Financial imbalances	Neutral	0	Low private-sector indebtedness; declining credit growth; real estate price dynamics in line with economic conditions

Figure 9: Non-performing loans (NPLs), % of total loans



Source: World Bank (WB), Scope Ratings

Figure 10: Tier 1 capital, % of risk-weighted assets



Source: IMF, Scope Ratings

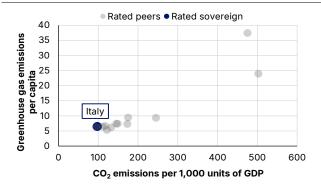


## **Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) risk**

#### Overview of Scope's assessments of Italy's ESG Risk

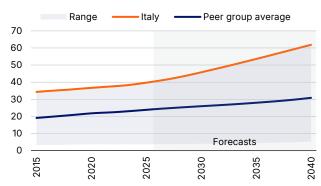
SQM indicative rating	Analytical component   Asset		Notch adjustment	Rationale		
	Environmental factors	vironmental factors Neutral		Exposure to natural disaster risk; ambitious green transition investment programme		
bbb-	Social factors	Weak	- 1/3	Adverse demographics, moderate educational outcomes, risk of social exclusion		
	Governance factors Weak	Weak	- 1/3	Fragmented political environment leading to frequen episodes of political instability in the past; government has clear parliamentary majority; policy continuity after 2027 elections key		

Figure 11: CO<sub>2</sub> emissions per GDP, mtCO<sub>2</sub>e



Source: European Commission (EC), Scope Ratings

Figure 12: Old-age dependency ratio, %



Source: United Nations (UN), Scope Ratings

## Reserve-currency adjustment

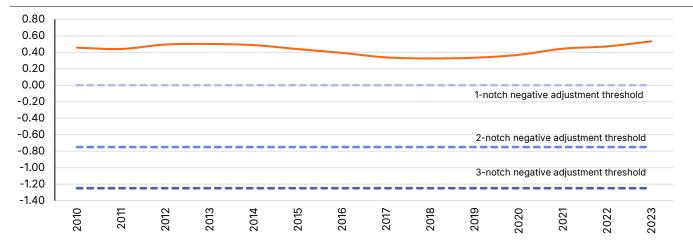
#### IMF SDR basket and Scope reserve-currency adjustment

Currency	U.S. dollar	Euro	Chinese yuan	Japanese yen	Pound sterling	Other
IMF SDR basket weights, %	43.4	29.3	12.3	7.6	7.4	0.0
Positive adjustment, notches	3	1	1	1	1	0

Source: IMF, Scope Ratings

#### Political-risk adjustment

Figure 13: WB Political Stability & Absence of Violence/Terrorism index, Italy, 3-year moving average



Source: WB, Scope Ratings

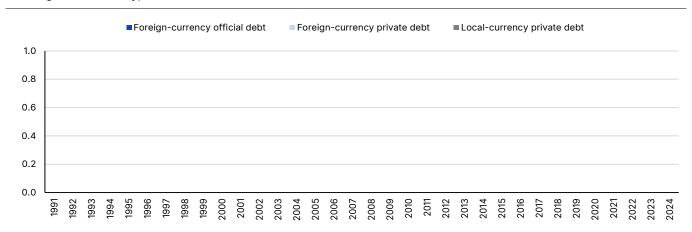


#### **Additional considerations**

No adjustment was applied to the rating from additional considerations.

## Appendix 1. Sovereign default history

#### Sovereign default history, USD m



Depicted private-debt defaults may not always constitute a credit event under Scope's credit-rating definitions. Source: Bank of Canada–Bank of England Sovereign Default Database, Scope Ratings.

#### Appendix 2. Rating peers

Rating peers are related to sovereigns with an indicative rating in the same rating category or adjacent categories, as assigned by Scope's sovereign quantitative model after accounting for methodological reserve-currency and political-risk adjustments.

er group*
lgaria
oatia
prus
ingary
tvia
land
ovakia
ain

 $<sup>{\</sup>rm *Select\ publicly-rated\ sovereigns\ only;\ the\ full\ sample\ of\ sovereign-rating\ peers\ may\ be\ larger.}$ 

## Appendix 3. Economic development and default indicators

IMF Development Classification	Advanced economy
5y USD CDS spread (bp) as of 27 October 2025	36



## Appendix 4. Statistical table for selected SQM indicators

This table presents a selection of the indicators (24 out of 30 – with the governance indicator reflecting a composite of five indicators) used in Scope's quantitative model, in line with Scope's Sovereign Rating Methodology. The metrics and sources for the data presented here ensure comparability across global country peers and may therefore differ from data from national and other select international statistical series.

Pillar	Core variable	Source	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Ji.	GDP per capita (PPP), Int\$ '000s	IMF	46.6	44.3	50.4	56.8	59.3	61.3
ouo	Nominal GDP, USD bn	IMF	2,020	1,906	2,181	2,106	2,305	2,372
C Ec	Real growth, %	IMF	0.4	-8.9	8.9	4.8	0.7	0.7
Domestic Economic	CPI inflation, %	IMF	0.6	-0.1	1.9	8.7	5.9	1.1
Don	Unemployment rate, %	WB	9.9	9.2	9.5	8.1	7.6	6.5
0.0	Public debt, % of GDP	IMF	133.9	154.4	145.8	138.3	134.6	135.3
Public Finance	Net interest payment, % of government revenue	IMF	6.8	6.9	7.0	8.4	7.5	7.9
	Primary balance, % of GDP	IMF	1.7	-6.1	-5.6	-4.2	-3.7	0.3
le je	Current-account balance, % of GDP	IMF	3.2	3.8	2.1	-1.7	0.1	1.1
External Economic	Total reserves, months of imports	WB	3.3	4.6	3.9	3.1	3.4	4.0
ă ö	NIIP, % of GDP	IMF	-2.0	1.0	6.0	4.3	7.4	14.7
_e >	NPL ratio, % of total loans	IMF	6.7	4.4	3.3	2.8	2.7	2.8
Financial Stability	Tier 1 ratio, % of risk-weighted assets	IMF	13.9	14.9	16.9	16.5	16.7	16.9
造 数	Credit to the private sector, % of GDP	WB	73.4	82.7	76.0	69.6	63.5	60.6
	CO2 per EUR 1,000 of GDP, mtCO2e	EC	112.0	109.1	112.0	107.1	97.8	95.4
	Income share of bottom 50%, %	WID	16.5	16.6	16.6	16.6	16.6	-
O	Labour-force participation rate, %	WB	65.7	64.1	64.5	65.6	66.7	66.9
ESG	Old-age dependency ratio, %	UN	36.2	36.6	37.1	37.6	38.1	38.8
	Composite governance indicators*	WB	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	-
	Political stability, index	WB	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	-

<sup>\*</sup>Average of the following five World Bank Worldwide Governance Indicators: Control of Corruption, Voice and Accountability, Rule of Law, Government Effectiveness, Regulatory Quality.



#### **Lead Analyst**

Carlo Capuano +49 174 7446891 c.capuano@scoperatings.com

#### **Associate Analyst**

Alessandra Poli +49 69 8700274-98 a.poli@scoperatings.com

#### **Team Leader**

Alvise Lennkh-Yunus +49 69 6677389-85 a.lennkh@scoperatings.com

#### **Applied methodologies**

Sovereign Rating Methodology, January 2025

#### **Scope Ratings GmbH**

Lennéstraße 5, D-10785 Berlin Phone: +49 30 27891-0 Fax: +49 30 27891-100 info@scoperatings.com

#### **Scope Ratings UK Limited**

52 Grosvenor Gardens London SW1W 0AU Phone: +44 20 7824 5180 info@scoperatings.com

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Bloomberg: RESP SCOP Scope contacts scoperatings.com

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