## **Sovereign and Public Sector**

Public rating | 5 September 2025



# **Swiss Confederation**

## Rating report

#### **Rating rationale**

Wealthy and well-diversified economy: Switzerland's ratings are supported by its economic resilience resulting from a competitive economy, a highly skilled labour force and institutional strengths including a stable, consensus-oriented, effective policy framework. The Swiss economy grew by 1.4% in 2024 (not adjusted for sports events), supported by growth in the service sector and domestic demand. The growth outlook remains resilient, even though the effect of uncertainty and heightened US tariffs, currently at 39% (although with important sectoral carve-outs) will, if sustained, dampen economic growth in 2025-26. Scope expects economic growth of 0.6% in 2025 and 1.5% in 2026.

**Prudent fiscal management and low public debt**: Solid public finances and the authorities' strong commitment to longer-term debt sustainability remain core credit strengths as underlined by the budget 2026 and the latest consolidation package. This is underpinned by stringent, constitutionally anchored budgetary rules and favourable financing conditions. Scope expects the fiscal balance to average 0.14% of GDP over 2025-2030 and the general government debt-to-GDP ratio to gradually decline to 32% by 2030 from 38% in 2024.

**Very robust external sector**: Switzerland benefits from a significant net external asset position and the safe-haven status of the Swiss franc.

Rating challenges: i) a very large, concentrated banking sector in relation to GDP, posing contingent liability risk to public finances; ii) imbalances in the real estate market, with continued price growth; and iii) uncertainty around US trade policies and recent introduction of an increased tariff rate.

Figure 1: Switzerland's sovereign-rating drivers

Risk pillars		Quantitative		Reserve currency*	Political risk**	Qualitative****	Final	
		Weight	Indicative rating	Notches	Notches	Notches	rating	
Dome	stic economic risk	35%	aa+			1/3		
Public	Public finance risk		aaa	OUE	Switzerland	2/3		
Exterr	External economic risk		aaa			2/3		
Finan	Financial stability risk		aaa	CHF		- 2/3		
	Environmental factors	5%	aa-	[+0]	[+0]	[-0]	0	AAA
ESG risk	Social factors	7.5%	b+					1/3
Hon	Governance factors	12.5%	aaa			0		
Sovereign Quantitative Model***				aaa		+1		
Addit	ional considerations					0		

\*The reserve-currency quantitative adjustment applies to currencies in the IMF's Special Drawing Rights (SDR) basket.

#### Foreign currency

Long-term issuer rating/Outlook

AAA/Stable

Senior unsecured debt

AAA/Stable

Short-term issuer rating/Outlook

S-1+/Stable

#### Local currency

Long-term issuer rating/Outlook

AAA/Stable

Senior unsecured debt

AAA/Stable

Short-term issuer rating/Outlook

S-1+/Stable

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<sup>\*\*</sup>The political-risk quantitative adjustment is based on the World Bank's Political Stability & Absence of Violence/Terrorism index.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Scope's SQM signals an indicative credit rating of 'aaa' for Switzerland, which was approved by the rating committee.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>The qualitative scorecard analyst adjustments, capped at one notch per rating pillar, are weighted equally with an aggregate adjustment rounded to the nearest integer. For details, please see Scope's Sovereign Rating Methodology.



## **Credit strengths and challenges**

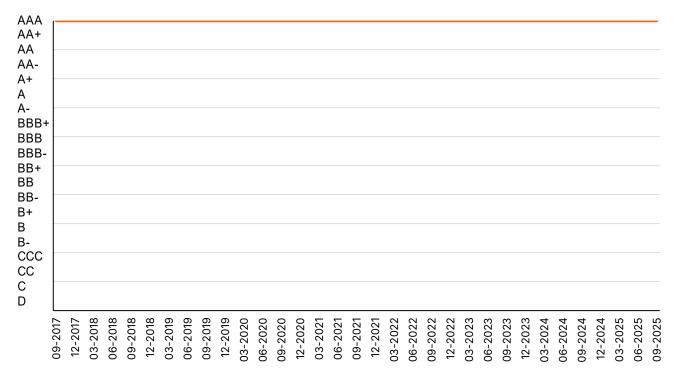
Credit strengths	Credit challenges
Wealthy and diversified economy	Large, concentrated banking sector
Institutional strengths	Some imbalances in the real estate sector
Very robust public finances	US tariff-related uncertainty
Excellent external resilience	

## **Outlook and rating triggers**

The Stable Outlook reflects the view that risks for the ratings are balanced.

Positive rating-change drivers	Negative rating-change drivers
N/A	Financial stability risks materialise with significant negative implications for economic growth and public finances
	Significant worsening of the economic outlook

Figure 2: Rating history



Foreign-currency long-term issuer rating. Positive/Negative Outlooks are treated with a +/-0.33-notch adjustment. Credit Watch positive/negative with a +/-0.67-notch adjustment. Source: Scope Ratings.

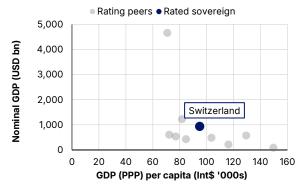


#### **Domestic economic risk**

#### Overview of Scope's assessments of Switzerland's Domestic Economic Risk

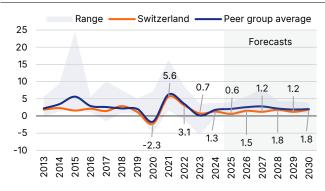
SQM¹ indicative rating Analytical component		Assessment	Notch adjustment	Rationale
	Growth potential and outlook	Neutral	0	Moderate growth potential, in line with peers
aa+	Monetary policy framework	Neutral	0	Swiss National Bank is a credible central bank. Flexibility is relatively constrained due to the sensitivity to FX developments
	Macroeconomic stability and sustainability	Strong	+1/3	Very competitive and diversified economy, highly skilled labour force, well-developed infrastructure

Figure 3: Nominal GDP and GDP per capita (2024E)



Source: IMF World Economic Outlook (WEO), Scope Ratings

Figure 4: Real GDP growth, %



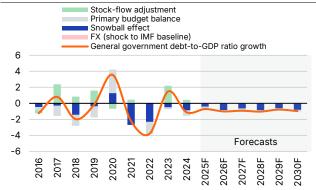
Source: IMF WEO, Scope Ratings forecasts

#### **Public finance risk**

#### Overview of Scope's assessments of Switzerland's Public Finance Risk

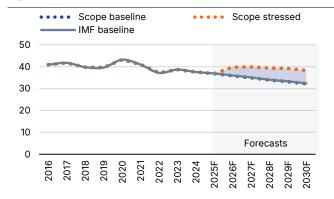
SQM indicative rating Analytical component Assessment Notch adjustment Rationale		Rationale		
	Fiscal policy framework	Strong	+1/3	Stringent, constitutionally anchored fiscal rules, track record of prudent and stable fiscal policies
aaa	Long-term debt trajectory	Neutral	0	Low public debt, commitment to longer-term debt sustainability
	Debt profile and market access	Strong	+1/3	Highly developed and liquid capital markets, favourable debt financing costs, long debt maturity

Figure 5: Contributions to change in debt levels, pps of GDP



Source: IMF WEO, Scope Ratings forecasts

Figure 6: Debt-to-GDP forecasts, % of GDP



Source: IMF WEO, Scope Ratings forecasts

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sovereign Quantitative Model



## **External economic risk**

#### Overview of Scope's assessments of Switzerland's External Economic Risk

SQM indicative rating Analytical component		Assessment	Notch adjustment	Rationale
	Current account resilience	Strong	+1/3	Persistent current account surpluses, reflecting a competitive external sector and price-insensitive exports; challenged by US tariffs
aaa	External debt structure	Neutral	0	External debt concentrated in the banking sector; high direct investments
	Resilience to short-term external shocks	Strong	+1/3	Substantial FX reserves, safe-haven currency status

Figure 7: Current-account balance, % of GDP

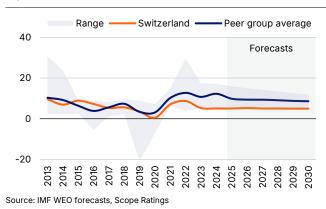
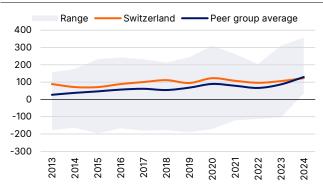


Figure 8: Net international investment position (NIIP), % GDP



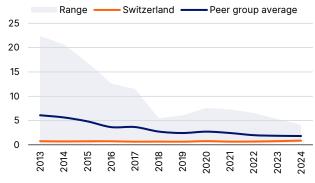
Source: IMF, Scope Ratings

## Financial stability risk

#### Overview of Scope's assessments of Switzerland's Financial Stability Risk

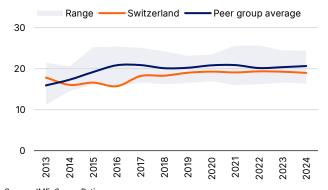
SQM indicative rating	Analytical component	Assessment	Notch adjustment	Rationale
	Banking sector performance	Weak	- 1/3	Well-capitalised and liquid banking sector with strong asset quality. Bank profitability has improved but remains structurally constrained. High degree of concentration in the banking sector
aaa	Financial sector oversight and governance	Neutral	0	Effective financial policymaking and stringent regulatory financing requirements mitigate financial system risk
	Financial imbalances	Weak	- 1/3	Relatively high private debt, persistent risk of correction in the real estate market

Figure 9: Non-performing loans (NPLs), % of total loans



Source: World Bank (WB), Scope Ratings

Figure 10: Tier 1 capital, % of risk-weighted assets



Source: IMF, Scope Ratings

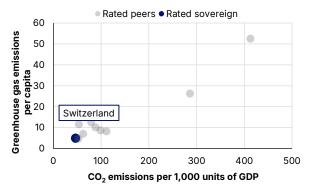


## **Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) risk**

#### Overview of Scope's assessments of Switzerland's ESG Risk

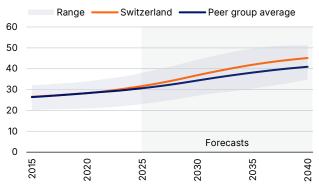
SQM indicative rating	Analytical component		Notch adjustment	Rationale
	Environmental factors	Neutral	0	Climate risk mitigated by a robust regulatory framework, including a carbon price and considerable public expenditure
aa	Social factors	Strong	+1/3	Very high human capital, high employment rate, significant R&D expenditure, flexible labour market
	Governance factors Neutral		0	Stable political environment, institutional effectiveness and a consensus-oriented policy framework; progress towards stabilisation of EU-Swiss relationship

Figure 11:  $CO_2$  emissions per capita/GDP (2023),  $mtCO_2e$ 



Source: European Commission (EC), Scope Ratings

Figure 12: Old-age dependency ratio, %



Source: United Nations (UN), Scope Ratings

### Reserve-currency adjustment

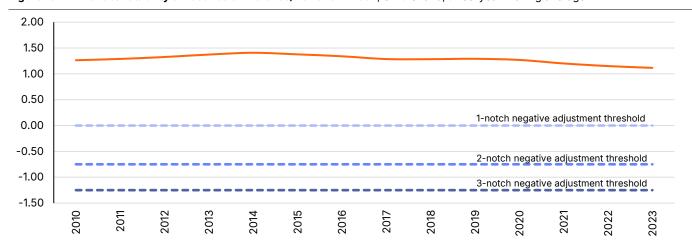
## IMF SDR basket and Scope reserve-currency adjustment

Currency	U.S. dollar	Euro	Chinese yuan	Japanese yen	Pound sterling	Other
IMF SDR basket weights, %	43.4	29.3	12.3	7.6	7.4	0.0
Positive adjustment, notches	3	1	1	1	1	0

Source: IMF, Scope Ratings

## Political-risk adjustment

Figure 13: WB Political Stability & Absence of Violence/Terrorism index, Switzerland, three-year moving average



Source: WB, Scope Ratings

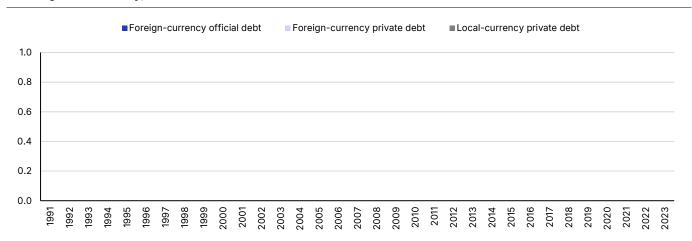


#### **Additional considerations**

No adjustment was applied to the rating from additional considerations.

## Appendix 1. Sovereign default history

Sovereign default history, USD bn



Depicted private-debt defaults may not always constitute a credit event under Scope's credit-rating definitions. Source: Bank of Canada–Bank of England Sovereign Default Database, Scope Ratings.

## Appendix 2. Rating peers

Rating peers are related to sovereigns with an indicative rating in the same rating category or adjacent categories, as assigned by Scope's sovereign quantitative model after accounting for methodological reserve-currency and political-risk adjustments.

Peer group*
Denmark
Germany
Luxembourg
Netherlands
Norway
Sweden

<sup>\*</sup>Select publicly-rated sovereigns only; the full sample of sovereign-rating peers may be larger.

## Appendix 3. Economic development and default indicators

IMF Development Classification Advanced economy

5-year USD CDS spread (bps) as of 2 September 2025 9.32



## Appendix 4. Statistical table for selected SQM indicators

This table presents a selection of the indicators (24 out of 30 – with the governance indicator reflecting a composite of five indicators) used in Scope's quantitative model, in line with Scope's Sovereign Rating Methodology. The metrics and sources for the data presented here ensure comparability across global country peers and may therefore differ from data from national and other select international statistical series.

Pillar	Core variable	Source	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
nic	GDP per capita (PPP), Int\$ '000s	IMF	74.0	73.2	82.1	89.9	93.1	94.9
ono	Nominal GDP, USD bn	IMF	722	741	815	829	895	937
Domestic Economic	Real growth, %	IMF	1.2	-2.3	5.6	3.1	0.7	1.3
	CPI inflation, %	IMF	0.4	-0.7	0.6	2.8	2.1	1.1
Dor	Unemployment rate, %	WB	4.4	4.8	5.0	4.1	4.0	-
υø	Public debt, % of GDP	IMF	39.6	43.2	41.0	37.2	38.7	37.6
Public Finance	Net interest payment, % of government revenue	IMF	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.3
□ □ □	Primary balance, % of GDP	IMF	1.4	-2.9	-0.2	1.3	0.2	0.7
a jc	Current-account balance, % of GDP	IMF	3.5	0.5	7.0	8.7	5.2	5.1
External Economic	Total reserves, months of imports	WB	16.7	21.8	19.6	15.4	12.9	-
ű ű	NIIP, % of GDP	IMF	94.7	122.4	107.4	95.9	105.7	122.8
ia ≥	NPL ratio, % of total loans	IMF	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9
Financial Stability	Tier 1 ratio, % of risk-weighted assets	IMF	18.6	17.8	18.4	18.8	18.4	18.8
i	Credit to the private sector, % of GDP	WB	266.1	276.8	279.6	271.3	263.5	261.7
	CO <sup>2</sup> per EUR 1,000 of GDP, mtCO <sup>2</sup> e	EC	55.7	53.2	52.9	47.2	46.6	-
	Income share of bottom 50%, %	WID	23.9	23.9	23.9	23.9	23.9	
ESG	Labour-force participation rate, %	WB	84.3	84.1	83.7	83.1	84.0	84.0
ES	Old-age dependency ratio, %	UN	27.9	28.3	28.7	29.4	30.1	30.8
	Composite governance indicators*	WB	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	-
	Political stability, index	WB	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1	-

<sup>\*</sup>Average of the following five World Bank Worldwide Governance Indicators: Control of Corruption, Voice and Accountability, Rule of Law, Government Effectiveness, Regulatory Quality.



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#### **Applied methodology**

Sovereign Rating Methodology, January 2025

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